# CURRENT/TRANSIMPEDANCE AMPLIFIERS 

Ultra-Low-Noise Amplifiers

For High-Speed Precision Measurements


CURRENT AMPLIFIERS

VOLTAGE AMPLIFIERS

GHZ-WIDEBAND
AMPLIFIERS

PHOTORECEIVERS

LOCK-IN AMPLIFIERS

ACCESSORIES

## DDPCA-300 Variable Gain Ultra-Low-Noise Current Amplifier



- 0.4 fA peak-to-peak noise
- Variable transimpedance gain from $10^{4}$ to $10^{13} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A}$
- 240 dB dynamic range for sub-fA to mA measurements
- Adjustable bias voltage
- Compact and highly EMI-shielded case for use close to the signal source
- Manual and remote control


## APPLICATIONS

Photo and ionization detector amplifier | I/V characterization of MOS and JFET structures | measurement of ultra-low currents | Quantum and biotech experiments | Spectroscopy | High resistance measurements | Easy-to-use FEMTO ${ }^{\circledR}$ amplifier add-on to existing digital voltmeter or $A / D$ converter

## DLPCA-200 Variable Gain Low-Noise Current Amplifier



- Variable transimpedance gain from $10^{3}$ to $10^{11} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A}$
■ Input noise down to $4.3 \mathrm{fA} / \mathrm{JHz}$
- Bandwidth up to 500 kHz

■ Rise time down to 700 ns

- Adjustable bias voltage
- Manual and remote control


## APPLICATIONS

Photodetector amplifier | Scanning tunneling microscopy (STM) | Spectroscopy | Beam monitoring for particle accelerators/synchrotrons | Ionization detectors | Preamplifier for lock-ins, A/D converters, etc.

## DHPCA-100 Variable Gain High-Speed Current Amplifier



- Variable transimpedance gain from $10^{2}$ to $10^{8} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A}$

■ Bandwidth up to 200 MHz

- Rise time down to 1.8 ns
- Adjustable bias voltage
- Manual and remote control

APPLICATIONS
Photodetector amplifier | Fast ionization detection | Spectroscopy | Preamplifier for oscilloscopes, A/D converters and RF lock-in amplifiers

DDPCA-300 Sub-Femto Ampere Sensitivity

| Model | DDPCA-300 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Transimpedance [V/A] | $10^{4}$ | $10^{5}$ | $10^{6}$ | $10^{7}$ | $10^{8}$ | $10^{9}$ | $10^{10}$ | $10^{11}$ | $10^{12}$ | $10^{13}$ |
| Bandwidth* (-3 dB) [Hz] | 400 | 400 | 400 | 400 | 150 | 150 | 20 | 20 | 1 | 1 |
| Rise Time* (10 \% - 90 \%) [ms] | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 17 | 17 | 350 | 350 |
| Equ. Input Noise [// Hz ] | 45 pA | 45 pA | 0.45 pA | 0.45 pA | 15 fA | 15 fA | 1.3 fA | 1.3 fA | 0.2 fA | 0.2 fA |
| Accuracy | Transimpedance (Gain) $\pm 1$ \% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Low Pass Filter | 3 settings: full bandwidth, 0.7 Hz and 0.1 Hz |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Output Range | $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}, \pm 30 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bias Voltage Range | $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$, max. 10 mA , connected to amplifier input, adjustable by trimpot or remote control voltage |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Power Supply | $\pm 15 \mathrm{~V},+70 \mathrm{~mA} /-15 \mathrm{~mA}$ typ. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Control Interface | 4 opto-isolated digital inputs, TTL/CMOS compatible, analog voltage input for bias control |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Case | $170 \times 60 \times 45 \mathrm{~mm}$ (L x W x H), weight 320 g (0.74 lbs) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

* The values for bandwidth, rise time and integrated input noise stated in the table above are achieved with the low pass filter set to full bandwidth. Lower noise values can be achieved by setting the low pass filter to 0.7 Hz or 0.1 Hz . The minimum of 0.4 fA peak-to-peak noise is achieved in the gain settings $10^{12}$ and $10^{13} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A}$ with the low pass filter set to 0.1 Hz .
Offset adjustable by potentiometer. Overload indication by LED and digital control output. Input protected against $\pm 2 \mathrm{kV}$ transients. Output short-circuit protected. Power supply via 3 -pin Lemo $®$ socket a mating connector is provided with the device. Optional power supply PS-15 available. For further information please view the datasheet or contact FEMTO ${ }^{\circledR}$.


## DLPCA-200 Broad Application Range

| Model | DLPCA-200 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Performance Range | Low Noise |  |  |  |  |  |  | High Speed |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Transimpedance [V/A] | $10^{3}$ | $10^{4}$ | $10^{5}$ | $10^{6}$ | $10^{7}$ | $10^{8}$ | $10^{9}$ | $10^{5}$ | $10^{6}$ | $10^{7}$ | $10^{8}$ | $10^{9}$ | $10^{10}$ | $10^{11}$ |
| Bandwidth ( -3 dB ) [ kHz$]$ | 500 | 500 | 400 | 200 | 50 | 7 | 1.1 | 500 | 500 | 400 | 200 | 50 | 7 | 1.1 |
| Rise Time (10\% - 90 \%) | 700 ns | 700 ns | 900 ns | 1.8 us | $7 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | $50 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | $300 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | 700 ns | 700 ns | 900 ns | $1.8 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | $7 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | $50 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | 300 ¢s |
| Equ. Input Noise [/ $/ \mathrm{Hz}$ ] | 20 pA | 2.3 pA | 450 fA | 130 fA | 43 fA | 13 fA | 4.3 fA | 13 pA | 1.8 pA | 440 fA | 130 fA | 43 fA | 13 fA | 4.3 fA |
| Accuracy | Transimpedance (Gain) $\pm 1$ \% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Low Pass Filter | 2 settings: full bandwidth and 10 Hz |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Output Range | $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}, \pm 30 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bias Voltage Range | $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$, max. 22 mA , connected to shield of BNC input socket, switchable to GND |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Power Supply | $\pm 15 \mathrm{~V},+120 \mathrm{~mA} /-80 \mathrm{~mA}$ typ. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Control Interface | 5 opto-isolated digital inputs, TTL/CMOS compatible, analog voltage input for offset control |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Case | $170 \times 60 \times 45 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{~L} \times \mathrm{W} \times \mathrm{H})$, weight $320 \mathrm{~g}(0.74 \mathrm{lbs})$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Offset adjustable by potentiometer or external control voltage. LED overload indication. Input protected against $\pm 3 \mathrm{kV}$ transients. Output short-circuit protected. Power supply via 3 -pin Lemo ${ }^{\circledR}$ socket, a mating connector is provided with the device. Optional power supply PS-15 available. For further information please view the datasheet or contact FEMTO ${ }^{\circledR}$.

DHPCA-100 MHz Speed

| Model | DHPCA-100 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Performance Range | Low Noise |  |  |  |  |  | High Speed |  |  |  |  |  |
| Transimpedance [V/A] | $10^{2}$ | $10^{3}$ | $10^{4}$ | $10^{5}$ | $10^{6}$ | $10^{7}$ | $10^{3}$ | $10^{4}$ | $10^{5}$ | $10^{6}$ | $10^{7}$ | $10^{8}$ |
| Bandwidth ( -3 dB ) [MHz] | 200 | 80 | 14 | 3.5 | 1.8 | 0.22 | 175 | 80 | 14 | 3.5 | 1.8 | 0.22 |
| Rise Time (10\% - 90 \%) | 1.8 ns | 4.4 ns | 25 ns | $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | 0.2 ¢ | $1.6 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | 2.0 ns | 4.4 ns | 25 ns | $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | $0.2 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | 1.6 ¢ |
| Equ. Input Noise [/ $/ \mathrm{Hz}$ ] | 220 pA | 17 pA | 2.2 pA | 490 fA | 140 fA | 51 fA | 155 pA | 6.1 pA | 1.5 pA | 440 fA | 140 fA | 51 fA |
| Accuracy | Transimpedance (Gain) $\pm 1$ \% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Low Pass Filter | 3 settings: full bandwidth, 10 MHz and 1 MHz |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Output Range | $\pm 1 \mathrm{~V} @ 50 \Omega \mathrm{load}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bias Voltage Range | $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$, max. 22 mA , connected to BNC-shield, switchable to GND |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Power Supply | $\pm 15 \mathrm{~V},+110 \mathrm{~mA} /-90 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Control Interface | 7 opto-isolated digital inputs, TTL/CMOS compatible, analog voltage input for offset control |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Case | $170 \times 60 \times 45 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{~L} \times \mathrm{W} \times \mathrm{H})$, weight $320 \mathrm{~g}(0.74 \mathrm{lbs})$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## LCA Series Ultra Low-Noise Current Amplifier



- Input noise down to $180 \mathrm{aA} / \sqrt{ } \mathrm{Hz}$

■ Bandwidth up to 400 kHz

- Gain up to $10^{13} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A}$
- Flat frequency response
- EMI-shielded case

| Model | $-3 \mathrm{~dB}$ <br> Bandwidth (DC ...) | Noise Current [/ $\sqrt{ } \mathrm{Hz}$ ] | Transimpedance (Gain) | Rise/Fall Time |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LCA-2-10T | 2 Hz | 0.18 fA | $10^{12}$ and $10^{13} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A}$ | 200 ms |
| LCA-30-1T | 30 Hz | 0.5 fA | $1 \times 10^{12} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A}$ | 12 ms |
| LCA-30-200G | 30 Hz | 0.5 fA | $2 \times 10^{11} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A}$ | 12 ms |
| LCA-200-100G | 200 Hz | 1.5 fA | $1 \times 10^{11} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A}$ | 2 ms |
| LCA-200-10G | 200 Hz | 1.5 fA | $1 \times 10^{10} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A}$ | 2 ms |
| LCA-1K-5G | 1 kHz | 3 fA | $5 \times 10^{9} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A}$ | $400 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |
| LCA-2K-2G | 2 kHz | 4.5 fA | $2 \times 10^{9} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A}$ | $200 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |
| LCA-4K-1G | 4 kHz | 6.5 fA | $1 \times 10^{9} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A}$ | $100 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |
| LCA-10K-500M | 10 kHz | 10 fA | $5 \times 10^{8} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A}$ | $40 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |
| LCA-20K-200M | 20 kHz | 14 fA | $2 \times 10^{8} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A}$ | $20 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |
| LCA-40K-100M | 40 kHz | 19 fA | $1 \times 10^{8} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A}$ | $10 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |
| LCA-100K-50M | 100 kHz | 30 fA | $5 \times 10^{7} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A}$ | $4 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |
| LCA-200K-20M | 200 kHz | 40 fA | $2 \times 10^{7} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A}$ | $2 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |
| LCA-400K-10M | 400 kHz | 65 fA | $1 \times 10^{7} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A}$ | $1 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |

## APPLICATIONS

Photodetector amplifier | Spectroscopy | Scanning tunneling microscopy (STM) | Ionization detectors | Pyro- and piezoelectric detectors

NOTE: Bandwidth and frequency response are independent of detector capacitance. Guaranteed and $100 \%$ tested up to 10 nF for each amplifier (up to 1 nF for LCA-400K-10M).
Output voltage $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V} @>10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ load. Offset adjustable by trimpot. Output short-circuit protected. Power supply via 3 -pin Lemo ${ }^{\circledR}$ socket. A mating connector is provided with the device. Optional power supply PS-15 available. For further information please view the datasheet or contact FEMTO ${ }^{\circledR}$

HCA Series High-Speed Current Amplifier


- Input noise down to $270 \mathrm{fA} / \mathrm{VHz}$

■ Bandwidth up to 400 MHz

- Gain up to $10^{6} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A}$
- Flat frequency response
- Stabilized and adjustable bias voltage output for biasing external photodiodes
- EMI-shielded case


## APPLICATIONS

Fast detection with large area photodiodes | Spectroscopy | Photodetection with PMTs and photodiodes | Ionization detectors | Pyro- and piezoelectric detectors

| Model | $-3 \mathrm{~dB}$ <br> Band- <br> width <br> (DC ...) | Noise Current [/VHz] | Transimpedance (Gain) | Rise/ <br> Fall <br> Time | Max. <br> Source <br> Capaci- <br> tance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| HCA-1M-1M | 1 MHz | 270 fA | $1 \times 10^{6} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A}$ | 350 ns | 50 pF |
| HCA-1M-1M-C | 1 MHz | 3.5 pA | $1 \times 10^{6} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A}$ | 350 ns | 2 nF |
| HCA-2M-1M | 2 MHz | 340 fA | $1 \times 10^{6} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A}$ | 180 ns | 25 pF |
| HCA-2M-1M-C | 2 MHz | 3.5 pA | $1 \times 10^{6} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A}$ | 180 ns | 1 nF |
| HCA-4M-500K | 4 MHz | 490 fA | $5 \times 10^{5} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A}$ | 90 ns | 15 pF |
| HCA-4M-500K-C | 4 MHz | 3.5 pA | $5 \times 10^{5} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A}$ | 90 ns | 500 pF |
| HCA-10M-100K | 10 MHz | 1.1 pA | $1 \times 10^{5} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A}$ | 35 ns | 15 pF |
| HCA-10M-100K-C | 10 MHz | 3.5 pA | $1 \times 10^{5} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A}$ | 35 ns | 150 pF |
| HCA-20M-100K-C | 20 MHz | 3.5 pA | $1 \times 10^{5} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A}$ | 18 ns | 50 pF |
| HCA-40M-100K-C | 40 MHz | 3.7 pA | $1 \times 10^{5} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A}$ | 10 ns | 30 pF |
| HCA-100M-50K-C | 100 MHz | 3.8 pA | $5 \times 10^{4} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A}$ | 3.5 ns | 20 pF * |
| HCA-200M-20K-C | 200 MHz | 4.9 pA | $2 \times 10^{4} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A}$ | 1.9 ns | 8 pF * |
| HCA-400M-5K-C | 400 MHz | 21 pA | $5 \times 10^{3} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A}$ | 1 ns | 10 pF * |

Output voltage $\pm 1.5 \mathrm{~V}$, @ $50 \Omega$ load. Offset adjustable by trimpot. Output short-circuit protected. Adjustable bias-output ( $-12 \mathrm{~V} \ldots+12 \mathrm{~V}$ ) for biasing photodetectors. Power supply via 3 -pin Lemo ${ }^{\oplus}$ socket. A mating connector is provided with the device. Optional power supply PS-15 available. For further information please view the datasheet.

NOTE: The maximum detector capacitance listed above means that up to this value the specified $-3 d B$-bandwidth ( $\pm 15 \%$ ) is guaranteed. Larger capacitances are also possible, but will slightly influence the bandwidth and frequency response.

* For the ultra fast models HCA-100M-50K-C, HCA-200M-20K-C and HCA-400M-5K-C a reduction in bandwidth up to $25 \%$ of the nominal values might occur if the source capacitance reaches the above noted maximum source capacitance values. Especially for these models short cables at the input and the use of low capacitance sources is of major importance. For further information please view the datasheet or contact FEMTO ${ }^{\circledR}$.

VOLTAGE AMPLIFIERS
Variable Gain Wideband Amplifiers


CURRENT AMPLIFIERS

VOLTAGE AMPLIFIERS

GHZ-WIDEBAND
AMPLIFIERS

PHOTORECEIVERS

LOCK-IN AMPLIFIERS

ACCESSORIES


■ Bandwidth DC to 100 or 200 MHz independent of chosen gain setting

- Variable gain from 10 to 60 dB ( $\times 3$ to $\times 1,000$ )
- Input noise $2.3 \mathrm{nV} / \mathrm{VHz}$
- DC drift only $0.3 \mu \mathrm{~V} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
- True DC coupling, switchable to AC
- Switchable 10 or 20 MHz low pass filter for minimizing wide band noise
- Local and remote control


## APPLICATIONS

Oscilloscope and transient recorder preamplifier | Photomultiplier amplifier | Signal booster for optical receivers and current amplifiers | Time-resolved pulse and transient measurements | Automated measurement systems

## HVA Series Wideband Voltage Amplifiers



## APPLICATIONS

Oscilloscope and transient recorder preamplifier | Photomultiplier and microchannel plate amplifier | Time-resolved pulse and transient
 measurements | Amplification of digital signals (no baseline shift at any digital code)

## DLPVA Series Low-Frequency Voltage Amplifiers



■ Bandwidth DC to 100 kHz

- Variable gain up to 100 dB ( $\times 100,000$ )
■ Input noise down to $0.4 \mathrm{nV} / \mathrm{VHz}$
- DC-drift down to $0.5 \mu \mathrm{~V} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
- True DC coupling, switchable to AC
- Input impedance up to $1 \mathrm{~T} \Omega$
- Local and remote control

APPLICATIONS
Universal low-frequency amplifier | Automated measurements | Industrial sensors | Detector preamplifier | Integrated measurement systems

DHPVA Series Reference Class from DC to 200 MHz

| Model | DHPVA-101 | DHPVA-201 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Lower Cut-Off Frequency | DC/10 Hz, switchable | DC/10 Hz, switchable |
| Upper Cut-Off Frequency | 10/100 MHz, switchable | 20/200 MHz, switchable |
| Gain [dB] | 10/20/30/40/50/60, switchable | 10/20/30/40/50/60, switchable |
| Input Voltage Noise | $2.3 \mathrm{nV} / \mathrm{VHz}$ | $2.3 \mathrm{nV} / \sqrt{ } \mathrm{Hz}$ |
| Input Voltage Drift | $0.3 \mu \mathrm{~V} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $0.3 \mu \mathrm{~V} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Input/Output | $50 \Omega$, BNC | 50 , BNC |
| Input Return Loss S11 | -31 dB @ 100 MHz | -22 dB @ 200 MHz |
| Output Return Loss S22 | -35 dB @ 100 MHz | -30 dB @ 200 MHz |
| Output Voltage | $\pm 1 \mathrm{~V}$ @ $50 \Omega$ |  |
| Monitor Output | DC - 100 kHz monitor output at D-Sub connector, gain of 1 |  |
| Digital Control | 5 opto-isolated digital inputs, TTL/CMOS compatible |  |
| Power Requirements | $\pm 15 \mathrm{~V}, \pm 120 \mathrm{~mA}$ typ. |  |
| Dimensions | $175 \times 105 \times 45 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{~L} \times \mathrm{W} \times \mathrm{H})$, weight $560 \mathrm{~g}(1.24 \mathrm{lbs})$ |  |

Offset adjustable by trimpot or external control voltage. Indication of selected gain setting by LEDs. Output short-circuit protected. Power supply via 3-pin Lemo ${ }^{\circledast}$ socket. A mating connector is provided with the device. Optional power supply series PS-15 available. For further information please see the datasheet.

The new improved models DHPVA-101 and DHPVA-201 replace the previous models DHPVA-100 and DHPVA-200. They are fully compatible delivering at least the same or better electrical performance The heatsinks may be removed if adequate alternative cooling is provided like mounting the amplifier to a sufficiently large case/rack system.

## HVA Series True DC-Coupling with Zero Output Offset

| Model | HVA-10M-60-B | HVA-10M-60-F | HVA-200M-40-B | HVA-200M-40-F | HVA-500M-20-B |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Lower Cut-Off Frequency | DC/1 kHz | DC/1 Hz | DC/1 kHz | DC/1 Hz | DC |
| Upper Cut-Off Frequency | 10 MHz | 10 MHz | 200 MHz | 200 MHz | 500 MHz |
| Gain [dB] | 40/60 | 40/60 | 20/40 | 20/40 | 20 |
| Input Voltage Noise | $0.9 \mathrm{nV} / \sqrt{\mathrm{Hz}}$ | $4.7 \mathrm{nV} / \sqrt{\mathrm{Hz}}$ | $1.2 \mathrm{nV} / \mathrm{JHz}$ | $4.5 \mathrm{nV} / \sqrt{\mathrm{Hz}}$ | $3.0 \mathrm{nV} / \mathrm{JHz}$ |
| Input Voltage Drift | $1 \mu \mathrm{~V} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $2 \mu \mathrm{~V} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $1 \mu \mathrm{~V} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $5 \mu \mathrm{~V} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $10 \mu \mathrm{~V} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Input | $50 \Omega$, BNC | 1 M , , BNC | $50 \Omega$, BNC | 1 M , , BNC | $50 \Omega$, BNC |
| Output | 50 , BNC | $50 \Omega$, BNC | $50 \Omega$, BNC | $50 \Omega$, BNC | $50 \Omega$, BNC |
| Output Voltage | $\pm 3.5 \mathrm{~V} @ 50 \Omega$ | $\pm 3.5 \mathrm{~V} @ 50 \Omega$ | $\pm 1 \mathrm{~V}$ @ $50 \Omega$ | $\pm 1 \mathrm{~V} @ 50 \Omega$ | $\pm 1 \mathrm{~V} @ 50 \Omega$ |
| Power Requirements | $\pm 15 \mathrm{~V}, \pm 70 \mathrm{~mA}$ typ. |  |  |  |  |
| Dimensions | $112 \times 51 \times 33 \mathrm{~mm}$ | H), weight 200 g |  |  |  |

Offset adjustable by trimpot. Output short-circuit protected. Power supply via 3-pin Lemo ${ }^{\circledR}$ socket. A mating connector is provided with the device. Optional power supply PS-15 available. For further information please view the datasheet.

## DLPVA Series High Gain up to 100 dB

| Model | DLPVA-100-BUN-S | DLPVA-100-BLN-S | DLPVA-100-B-S | DLPVA-100-B-D | DLPVA-100-F-S | DLPVA-100-F-D |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Input stage | Single ended, bipolar | Single ended, bipolar | Single ended, bipolar | True diff., bipolar | Single ended, FET | True diff., FET |
| Input | $1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$, BNC | $1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$, BNC | $1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$, BNC | 1 M , Lemo ${ }^{\text {® }}$ | 1 TQ, BNC | 1 T , Lemo ${ }^{\text {® }}$ |
| Typical Source Impedance | $<50 \Omega$ | <100 $\Omega$ | $<1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | $<1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | $<1 \mathrm{G} \Omega$ | $<1 \mathrm{G} \Omega$ |
| Lower Cut-Off Frequency | 1.5 Hz (AC only) | DC/1.5 Hz | DC/1.5 Hz | DC/1.5 Hz | DC/1.5 Hz | DC/1.5 Hz |
| Upper Cut-Off Frequency | $1 / 100 \mathrm{kHz}$ | $1 / 100 \mathrm{kHz}$ | $1 / 100 \mathrm{kHz}$ | $1 / 100 \mathrm{kHz}$ | $1 / 100 \mathrm{kHz}$ | $1 / 100 \mathrm{kHz}$ |
| Gain [dB] | 40/60/80/100 | 40/60/80/100 | 20/40/60/80 | 20/40/60/80 | 20/40/60/80 | 20/40/60/80 |
| Input Voltage Noise | $0.4 \mathrm{nV} / \mathrm{JHz}$ | $0.7 \mathrm{nV} / \mathrm{JHz}$ | $2.4 \mathrm{nV} / \mathrm{JHz}$ | $3.6 \mathrm{nV} / \mathrm{JHz}$ | $5.5 \mathrm{nV} / \mathrm{JHz}$ | $6.9 \mathrm{nV} / \sqrt{ } \mathrm{Hz}$ |
| Input Voltage Drift | - | $0.5 \mu \mathrm{~V} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $0.7 \mu \mathrm{~V} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $0.7 \mu \mathrm{~V} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $1.3 \mu \mathrm{~V} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $1.3 \mu \mathrm{~V} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| CMRR | - | - | - | 120 dB max. | - | 120 dB max. |
| Output | $<100 \Omega, \mathrm{BNC}$ (terminate with > $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ load for best performance) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Output Voltage | $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ (@ > $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ load) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Digital Control | 3 or 4 digital inputs and 1 digital output, opto-isolated, TTL/CMOS compatible |  |  |  |  |  |
| Power Requirements | $\pm 15 \mathrm{~V}, \pm 75 \mathrm{~mA}$ typ. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dimensions | $175 \times 51 \times 34 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{~L} \times \mathrm{W} \times \mathrm{H})$, weight 320 g ( 0.7 lbs ) |  |  |  |  |  |

Offset adjustable by trimpot or external control voltage. Indication of selected gain setting by LED. Output short-circuit protected. Power supply via 3 -pin Lemo ${ }^{\circledR}$ socket. A mating connector is provided with the device. Optional power supply PS-15 available. For further information please view the datasheet.


- Wide dynamic range up to 80 dB

■ DC coupled, rectifying* input

- Switchable input range from $\pm 20 \mu \mathrm{~V}$ to $\pm 200 \mathrm{mV}$ and from $\pm 200 \mu \mathrm{~V}$ to $\pm 2 \mathrm{~V}$
- Rise/fall time 5 ns
- Input noise $2 \mathrm{nV} / \mathrm{VHz}$
- Local and remote control
- Integrated sample and hold baseline correction

APPLICATIONS
LIDAR systems | Signal compression | Time-resolved pulse and transient measurements | Mass spectroscopy | Particle detection


[^0][^1]GHZ-WIDEBAND AMPLIFIERS
Suitable as Current and Voltage Amplifiers


CURRENT AMPLIFIERS

VOLTAGE AMPLIFIERS

GHZ-WIDEBAND AMPLIFIERS

PHOTORECEIVERS

LOCK-IN AMPLIFIERS

ACCESSORIES


■ Variable gain up to 70 dB (approx. $\times 3000$ ), switchable in 10 dB steps

- Bandwidth 1 kHz to 1.2 GHz
- Bandwidth independent of gain setting (guaranteed)
■ Noise figure down to 1.9 dB ( $330 \mathrm{pV} / \mathrm{VHz}$ )
- Local and remote gain control


## APPLICATIONS

Oscilloscope and transient recorder preamplifier | Photomultiplier and microchannel plate amplifier | Signal booster for optical receivers and current amplifiers | Time-resolved pulse and transient measurements | Automated measurement systems

| Model | DUPVA-1-60 | DUPVA-1-70 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Lower Cut-Off-Frequency | 1 kHz | 1 kHz |
| Upper Cut-Off-Frequency | 1.2 GHz | 1.1 GHz |
| Rise/Fall Time | 380 ps | 390 ps |
| Gain | 20/30/40/50/60 dB | 30/40/50/60/70 dB |
| Input Noise | NF $3.0 \mathrm{~dB}(450 \mathrm{pV} / \mathrm{VHz})$ | NF $1.9 \mathrm{~dB}(330 \mathrm{pV} / \mathrm{VHz})$ |
| Output Power | 13 dBm (-1 dB compression @ 100 MHz ) | 12 dBm ( -1 dB compression @ 100 MHz ) |
| Power Requirements | $\pm 15 \mathrm{~V},+350 \mathrm{~mA} /-100 \mathrm{~mA}$, typ. | $\pm 15 \mathrm{~V},+250 \mathrm{~mA} /-100 \mathrm{~mA}$, typ. |
| Input/Output | $50 \Omega$, SMA connector |  |
| Monitor Output | DC - 100 kHz monitor output at D-Sub connector, gain of 1 |  |
| Control Interface | 3 opto-isolated digital inputs, TTL/CMOS compatible |  |
| Dimensions | $165 \times 105 \times 45 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{~L} \times \mathrm{W} \times \mathrm{H})$, weight $510 \mathrm{~g}(1.1 \mathrm{lbs})$ |  |

Indication of selected gain setting by LED. Output short-circuit protected. Power supply via 3-pin Lemo ${ }^{\circledR}$ socket. A mating connector is provided with the device. Optional power supply PS-15 available. For further information please view the datasheet.

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE
CHARACTERISTICS

- Bandwidth independent of gain setting (guaranteed), see figure: DUPVA-1-70 gain vs. frequency
- Upper cut-off frequency rolloff: 40 dB/oct.



## HSA Series High-Speed GHz Amplifiers



## APPLICATIONS

Preamplifier for ultra-fast detectors (microchannel plates, photomultipliers, avalanche photodiodes and PIN photodiodes) | Oscilloscope and spectrum/network analyzer preamplifier | Time-resolved pulse and transient measurements | Signal booster in $50 \Omega$ high-speed systems

- Ultra-wide bandwidth from 10 kHz up to 2.5 GHz
- Gain up to $60 \mathrm{~dB}(\times 1,000)$
- Transimpedance gain with photodetectors up to 50,000 V/A
■ Very low input noise down to $310 \mathrm{pV} / \mathrm{VHz}(6.2 \mathrm{pA} / \mathrm{VHz})$
- Integrated DC-current path for biased photodetector applications

Only HSA-Y series:

- Two identical signal outputs
- DC-monitor output

| HSA-X Models | HSA-X-1-40 | HSA-X-2-20 | HSA-X-2-40 | HSA-X-I-2-40 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Lower Cut-Off-Frequency | 10 kHz | 10 kHz | 10 kHz | 10 kHz |
| Upper Cut-Off-Frequency | 1.2 GHz | 2.5 GHz | 2.0 GHz | 2.2 GHz |
| Rise/Fall Time | 290 ps | 140 ps | 180 ps | 160 ps |
| Gain | 40 dB ( $\times 100$ ) | 20 dB ( $\times 10$ ) | 40 dB ( $\times 100$ ) | $40 \mathrm{~dB}(\times 100)$ inverting |
| Transimpedance* | 5,000 V/A | $500 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A}$ | 5,000 V/A | 5,000 V/A inverting |
| Input Noise [/ $/ \mathrm{Hz}]^{* *}$ | 310 pV (6.2 pA) | $610 \mathrm{pV}(12.2 \mathrm{pA})$ | 620 pV (12.4 pA) | 430 pV (8.6 pA) |
| Input VSWR | 1.6 : 1 | 1.23 : 1 | 1.4 : 1 | $1.25: 1$ |
| Maximum Output Voltage @ $50 \Omega$ | $2 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {PP }}$ | $2 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {PP }}$ | $1.9 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{PP}}$ | $2 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {PP }}$ |
| Output VSWR | $1.35: 1$ | 1.4 : 1 | 2.5 : 1 | 1.4:1 |
| Power Requirements | +15 V, +140 mA, typ. | +15 V, +105 mA, typ. | +15 V, +125 mA, typ. | +15 V, +140 mA, typ. |
| Input/Output | $50 \Omega$, SMA |  |  |  |
| Dimensions | $80 \times 45 \times 25 \mathrm{~mm}$ (Lx | wight $100 \mathrm{~g}(0.23 \mathrm{lb})$ |  |  |


| HSA-Y Models | HSA-Y-1-40 | HSA-Y-1-60 | HSA-Y-2-20 | HSA-Y-2-40 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Lower Cut-Off-Frequency | 10 kHz | 10 kHz | 10 kHz | 10 kHz |
| Upper Cut-Off-Frequency | 1.0 GHz | 1.1 GHz | 2 GHz | 1.9 GHz |
| Rise/Fall Time | 330 ps | 320 ps | 175 ps | 185 ps |
| Gain | $40 \mathrm{~dB}(\times 100)$ | $60 \mathrm{~dB}(\times 1,000)$ | 20 dB ( $\times 10$ ) | 40 dB ( $\times 100$ ) |
| Transimpedance* | 5,000 V/A | 50,000 V/A | $500 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A}$ | 5,000 V/A |
| Input Noise [/ $/ \mathrm{Hz}]^{* *}$ | 330 pV (6.6 pA) | 330 pV (6.6 pA) | 680 pV (13.6 pA) | 650 pV (13 pA) |
| Input VSWR | 1.45 : 1 | 1.4 : 1 | 1.15 : 1 | 1.2 : 1 |
| Maximum Output Voltage @ $50 \Omega$ | $2.0 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {PP }}$ | $2.3 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {Pp }}$ | $2.5 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {pp }}$ | $1.7 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {pp }}$ |
| Output VSWR | 1.6 : 1 | 1.4 : 1 | 2.5 : 1 | 1.8:1 |
| Power Requirements | $\pm 15 \mathrm{~V},+200 /-10 \mathrm{~mA}$, typ. | $\pm 15 \mathrm{~V},+180 /-10 \mathrm{~mA}$, typ. | $\pm 15 \mathrm{~V},+160 /-10 \mathrm{~mA}$, typ. | $\pm 15 \mathrm{~V},+185 /-10 \mathrm{~mA}$, typ. |
| Input | 50 ), SMA |  |  |  |
| Output | Two identical signal outputs, $50 \Omega$, SMA |  |  |  |
| Monitor Output | Gain: 26 dB ( $\times 20$ ), transimpedance*: $1 \mathrm{kV} / \mathrm{A}$, output voltage range: $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}\left(\mathrm{R}_{\text {Load }}>10 \mathrm{kS}\right)$, bandwidth: $\mathrm{DC}-100 \mathrm{kHz}$ |  |  |  |
| Dimensions | $110 \times 70 \times 25 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{~L} \times \mathrm{W} \times \mathrm{H})$, weight $180 \mathrm{~g}(0.41 \mathrm{lb})$ |  |  |  |

* Transimpedance $=$ Gain $\times 50 \Omega$ (Input Impedance)
${ }^{\star *}$ Input Noise Current $=$ Input Noise Voltage $\div 50 \Omega$ (Input Impedance)
Integrated DC path for use with photodetectors. 8-32 and M4 mounting threads. Power supply via 3-pin Lemo ${ }^{\otimes}$ socket. A mating connector is provided with the device. Optional power supply PS-15 available. For further information please view the datasheet.

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## PHOTORECEIVERS

## From Femtowatt Sensitivity to Gigahertz Speed



CURRENT AMPLIFIERS

VOLTAGE AMPLIFIERS

GHZ-WIDEBAND
AMPLIFIERS

PHOTORECEIVERS

LOCK-IN AMPLIFIERS

ACCESSORIES

## OE-200 Series Variable Gain Photoreceivers



- Adjustable conversion gain from $10^{3}$ to $10^{11} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{W}$
- Operating range from fW to mW
- Spectral range from 190 to 1700 nm

■ NEP down to $6 \mathrm{fW} / \mathrm{VHz}$
■ Bandwidth up to 500 kHz
■ Rise time down to 700 ns

- Calibration for all fiber optic models
- Manual and remote control


## APPLICATIONS

All purpose lab photoreceiver | Fiber alignment systems | Fast power monitoring | Test of laser diode to fiber coupling | Linearity measurements over 10 decades | Calibration of optical communication systems | Time-resolved pulse and power measurements | Industrial control and alignment systems

| Model | OE-200-SI | OE-200-UV | OE-200-IN1 | OE-200-IN2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Detector Type | Si-PIN | Si-PIN | InGaAs-PIN | InGaAs-PIN |
| Detector Size | $\emptyset 1.2 \mathrm{~mm}$ | $1.1 \times 1.1 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | $\emptyset 0.3 \mathrm{~mm}$ (FC: $\emptyset 0.08 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) | $\emptyset 0.3 \mathrm{~mm}$ (FC: $\emptyset 0.08 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) |
| Spectral Range | 320-1060 nm | 190-1000 nm | 900-1700 nm | 900-1700 nm |
| Calibration Wavelength* | 850 nm | 850 nm | 1310 nm | 1550 nm |
| Input Options | FST, FS, FC | FST, FS, FC | FST, FS, FC | FST, FS, FC |
| NEP (Dependent on Gain Setting) | $8 \mathrm{fW} / \mathrm{JHz}-33 \mathrm{pW} / \sqrt{\mathrm{Hz}}$ | $17 \mathrm{fW} / \mathrm{J} / \mathrm{Hz}-60 \mathrm{pW} / \mathrm{JHz}$ | $7 \mathrm{fW} / \mathrm{JHz}-22 \mathrm{pW} / \sqrt{\mathrm{Hz}}$ | $6 \mathrm{fW} / \mathrm{JHz}-22 \mathrm{pW} / \sqrt{\mathrm{Hz}}$ |
| Useful Operating Range | ca. $100 \mathrm{fW}-2 \mathrm{~mW}$ | ca. $200 \mathrm{fW}-2 \mathrm{~mW}$ | ca. $100 \mathrm{fW}-2 \mathrm{~mW}$ | ca. $100 \mathrm{fW}-2 \mathrm{~mW}$ |

The following characteristics are valid for all models:

| Performance Range | Low Noise |  |  |  |  |  |  | High Speed |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Conversion Gain [V/W]** | $10^{3}$ | $10^{4}$ | $10^{5}$ | $10^{6}$ | $10^{7}$ | $10^{8}$ | $10^{9}$ | $10^{5}$ | $10^{6}$ | $10^{7}$ | $10^{8}$ | $10^{9}$ | $10^{10}$ | $10^{11}$ |
| Bandwidth ( -3 dB ) [kHz] | 500 | 500 | 400 | 200 | 50 | 7 | 1.1 | 500 | 500 | 400 | 200 | 50 | 7 | 1.1 |
| Rise Time (10 \% - 90 \%) | 700 ns | 700 ns | 900 ns | 1.8 нs | $7 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | $50 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | 300 ¢s | 700 ns | 700 ns | 900 ns | 1.8 ¢ | $7 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | $50 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | 300 ¢s |
| Accuracy Performance | $\pm 1 \%$ electrical between settings, $\pm 5 \%$ electro-optical for FC-input, $\pm 15 \%$ electro-optical for FS- and FST-input |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Low Pass Filter | Switchable to 10 Hz |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Output Performance | $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ (@ $\geq 100 \mathrm{kS}$ load) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Power Requirements | $\pm 15 \mathrm{~V},+110 \mathrm{~mA} /-90 \mathrm{~mA}$ typ. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Control Interface | 5 opto-isolated digital inputs, TTL/CMOS compatible, analog offset control voltage input |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dimensions | $170 \times 60 \times 45 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{~L} \times \mathrm{W} \times \mathrm{H})$, weight $360 \mathrm{~g}(0.79 \mathrm{lbs})$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

[^2]
## Input Options

FST-Input
Free space input with 1.035"-40 threaded flange, internal threaded coupler ring included


FS-Input
Free space input with unthreaded flange ( 25 mm diameter)


FC-Input
Permanent fiber coupled input



## APPLICATIONS

All purpose low-noise photoreceiver (0/E converter) for the MHz range | Time-resolved optical pulse and power measurements | Laser intensity noise measurements (RIN) | Optical front-end for oscilloscopes, spectrum analyzers, A/D converters and RF lock-in amplifiers

- Adjustable transimpedance gain from $10^{2}$ to $10^{8} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A}$
■ Wide bandwidth up to 200 MHz
- Various Si and InGaAs models cover the 320 to 1700 nm wavelength range
■ High dynamic input range up to 10 mW optical power
- Large optical detector size up to 3 mm diameter
■ Very low noise, NEP down to $47 \mathrm{fW} / \mathrm{JHz}$
- Switchable low pass filters for minimizing wideband noise
- Full manual and remote control capability

| Model | 0E-300-SI-10 | 0E-300-SI-30 | OE-300-IN-01 | OE-300-IN-03 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Detector Type | Si-PIN | Si-PIN | InGaAs-PIN | InGaAs-PIN |
| Detector Size [mm] | $1.0 \times 1.0$ | $\emptyset 3.0$ | $\emptyset 0.08$ | $\emptyset 0.3$ |
| Spectral Range [ nm ] | 400-1000 | 320-1000 | 900-1700 | 800-1700 |
| Input Options | FST, FS | FST, FS | FC | FST, FS |
| NEP (Dependent on Gain Setting) | $76 \mathrm{fW} / \mathrm{/Jzz}-322 \mathrm{pW} / \sqrt{\mathrm{Hz}}$ | $81 \mathrm{fW} / \mathrm{JHz}-325 \mathrm{pW} / \mathrm{J} \mathrm{Hz}$ | $47 \mathrm{fW} / \mathrm{/} \mathrm{~Hz}-180 \mathrm{pW} / \sqrt{ } \mathrm{Hz}$ | $52 \mathrm{fW} / \mathrm{JHz}-192 \mathrm{pW} / \mathrm{JHz}$ |

The following characteristics are valid for all models:

| Performance Range | Low Noise |  |  |  |  | High Speed |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gain Setting [V/A] (Transimpedance) | $10^{2} \quad 10^{3}$ | $10^{4}$ | $10^{5}$ | $10^{6}$ | $10^{7}$ | $10^{3}$ | $10^{4}$ | $10^{5}$ | $10^{6}$ | $10^{7}$ | $10^{8}$ |
| Bandwidth ( -3 dB ) [MHz] | $200(100)^{1} 80(60)^{1}$ | 14 | 3.5 | 1.8 | 0.22 | 175 (80) ${ }^{1}$ | $80(60)^{1}$ | 14 | 3.5 | 1.8 | 0.22 |
| Accuracy Performance | $\pm 1 \%$ (transimpedance) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Low Pass Filter | switchable to 1 MHz and 10 MHz |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Output Performance | $\pm 1 \mathrm{~V}$ (@ $50 \Omega$ load), for linear amplification |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Power Requirements | $\pm 15 \mathrm{~V},+150 \mathrm{~mA} /-100 \mathrm{~mA}$ typ. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Control Interface | 5 opto-isolated digital inputs, TTL/CMOS compatible, analog offset control voltage input |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dimensions | $170 \times 60 \times 45 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{~L} \times \mathrm{W} \times \mathrm{H})$, weight $320 \mathrm{~g}(0.74 \mathrm{lbs})$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

1) model OE-300-SI-30

Offset adjustable by trimpot or external control voltage. LED overload indication. Output short-circuit protected. Power supply via 3 -pin Lemo ${ }^{\circledR}$ socket. A mating connector is provided with the device Optional power supply PS-15 available. For further information please view the datasheet.

[^3]
## HBPR-Series Low Noise Balanced Photoreceivers



- Bandwidth up to 500 MHz
- Common-Mode Rejection Ratio (CMRR) up to 55 dB
- Very low noise, NEP down to $3.7 \mathrm{pW} / \sqrt{ } \mathrm{Hz}$
- Si and InGaAs models for spectral range from 320 to 1700 nm
- Switchable 20 MHz low pass filter to minimize wideband noise
- High gain of up to 60,000 V/A, switchable in two stages
- Switchable output coupling (AC/DC)
- Fast DC-coupled monitor outputs with 10 MHz bandwidth
- Input either free space or fiber-coupled
- 1.035 "-40 threaded free space input, compatible with many standard optical systems


## APPLICATIONS

Optical spectroscopy | Coherent heterodyne detection \| Homodyne detection of optical quantum states | Optical coherence tomography (OCT) | Interferometric measurements \| Optical delay measurements \| Differential optical front end for oscilloscopes, spectrum analyzers, A/D converters and lock-in amplifiers

Input Options


Free space input with1.035"-40 threaded flange, internal threaded coupler ring included

FS-Input


Free space input with unthreaded flange (25 mm diameter)

FC-Input


Fiber coupled input with fix/permanent FC fiber connector

HBPR models for the spectral range from 320 to 1000 nm :

| Model | HBPR-100M-60K-SI-FS HBPR-100M-60K-SI-FST HBPR-100M-60K-SI-FC | HBPR-200M-30K-SI-FS HBPR-200M-30K-SI-FST HBPR-200M-30K-SI-FC | HBPR-500M-10K-SI-FS HBPR-500M-10K-SI-FST HBPR-500M-10K-SI-FC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Si-PIN Photo Diode | $0.8 \mathrm{~mm} \emptyset$ | 0.8 mm Ø | $0.4 \mathrm{~mm} \emptyset$, FC version with ball lens |
| Spectral Range | 320-1000 nm | 320-1000 nm | 320-1000 nm |
| Bandwidth (-3 dB) | DC - 100 MHz | DC - 200 MHz | DC - 500 MHz |
| Transimpedance Gain (switchable) | $\begin{aligned} & 2.0 \times 10^{4} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A} \\ & 6.0 \times 10^{4} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.0 \times 10^{4} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A} \\ & 3.0 \times 10^{4} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5.0 \times 10^{3} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A} \\ & 1.0 \times 10^{4} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A} \end{aligned}$ |
| Conversion Gain (switchable) | $10.8 \times 10^{3} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{W}, 32.4 \times 10^{3} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{W}$ (typ. @ 850 nm) | $5.4 \times 10^{3} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{W}, 16.2 \times 10^{3} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{W}$ (typ. @ 850 nm) | $\begin{aligned} & 2.55 \times 10^{3} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{W}, 5.1 \times 10^{3} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{W} \\ & \text { (typ. @ } 760 \mathrm{~nm} \text { ) } \end{aligned}$ |
| Minimum NEP | $\leq 6.5 \mathrm{pW} / \sqrt{ } \mathrm{Hz}$ (@850 nm) | $\leq 7.8 \mathrm{pW} / \mathrm{VHz}$ (@850 nm) | $\leq 12 \mathrm{pW} / \mathrm{VHz}$ (@760 nm) |
| NEP (@20 MHz) | $\leq 7.4 \mathrm{pW} / \sqrt{ } \mathrm{Hz}$ (@850 nm) | $\leq 8.8 \mathrm{pW} / \mathrm{JHz}$ (@850 nm) | $\leq 13 \mathrm{pW} / \sqrt{ } \mathrm{Hz}$ (@760 nm) |
| Common Mode Rejection (typ.) | 50 dB | 45 dB | 40 dB |

## HBPR-Series Low Noise Balanced Photoreceivers

HBPR models for the spectral range from 800 to 1700 nm :

| Model | HBPR-100M-60K-IN-FS HBPR-100M-60K-IN-FST HBPR-100M-60K-IN-FC | HBPR-200M-30K-IN-FS HBPR-200M-30K-IN-FST HBPR-200M-30K-IN-FC | HBPR-450M-10K-IN-FS HBPR-450M-10K-IN-FST HBPR-500M-10K-IN-FC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Si-PIN Photo Diode | $0.3 \mathrm{~mm} \emptyset$ (FS/FST model), $80 \mu \mathrm{~m} \emptyset$, ball lens (FC model) |  |  |
| Spectral Range | 800-1700 nm (FS/FST model), 900-1700 nm (FC model) |  |  |
| Bandwidth (-3 dB) | DC - 100 MHz | DC - 200 MHz | DC - 450 MHz (FS/FST), DC - 500 MHz (FC) |
| Transimpedance Gain (switchable) | $\begin{aligned} & 2.0 \times 10^{4} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A} \\ & 6.0 \times 10^{4} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.0 \times 10^{4} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A} \\ & 3.0 \times 10^{4} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5.0 \times 10^{3} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A} \\ & 1.0 \times 10^{4} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A} \end{aligned}$ |
| Conversion Gain (typ. @ 1550nm, switchable) | $\begin{aligned} & 19 \times 10^{3} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{W} \\ & 57 \times 10^{3} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{W} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9.5 \times 10^{3} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{W} \\ & 28.5 \times 10^{3} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{W} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4.75 \times 10^{3} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{W} \\ & 9.5 \times 10^{3} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{W} \end{aligned}$ |
| Minimum NEP (@1550 nm) | $\leq 3.7 \mathrm{pW} / \sqrt{ } \mathrm{Hz}$ | $\leq 4.4 \mathrm{pW} / \mathrm{VHz}$ (FS/FST) <br> $\leq 4.1 \mathrm{pW} / \sqrt{ } \mathrm{Hz}$ (FC) | $\leq 6.5 \mathrm{pW} / \mathrm{JHz}$ (FS/FST) $\leq 6.7 \mathrm{pW} / \sqrt{ } \mathrm{Hz}$ (FC) |
| NEP (@ $20 \mathrm{MHz}, 1550 \mathrm{~nm}$ ) | $\leq 4.3 \mathrm{pW} / \mathrm{VHz}$ (FS/FST) <br> $\leq 4.0 \mathrm{pW} / \sqrt{ } \mathrm{Hz}$ (FC) | $\leq 4.9 \mathrm{pW} / \sqrt{ } \mathrm{Hz}$ (FS/FST) <br> $\leq 4.4 \mathrm{pW} / \sqrt{ } \mathrm{Hz}$ (FC) | $\leq 6.9 \mathrm{pW} / \sqrt{ } \mathrm{Hz}$ |
| Common Mode Rejection (typ.) | $\begin{aligned} & 50 \mathrm{~dB} \text { (FS/FST) } \\ & 55 \mathrm{~dB}(\mathrm{FC}) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 45 \mathrm{~dB} \text { (FSS/FST) } \\ & 50 \mathrm{~dB}(\mathrm{FC}) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 35 \mathrm{~dB}(\mathrm{FS} / \mathrm{FST}) \\ & 45 \mathrm{~dB}(\mathrm{FC}) \end{aligned}$ |

The following characteristics are valid for all HBPR models:

| Max. CW Common Mode Power | 10 mW on each photo diode |
| :---: | :---: |
| Low Pass Filter | full bandwidth switchable to 20 MHz (upper cut-off frequency) |
| High Pass Filter (AC coupling) | DC coupling switchable to AC ( 10 Hz lower cut-off frequency) |
| Signal Output Voltage | $\pm 1.0 \mathrm{~V}$ at $50 \Omega$ load (for linear gain and low harmonic distortion), maximum $\pm 2.0 \mathrm{~V}$ at $50 \Omega$ load |
| Monitor Outputs | Transimpedance gain $1000 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A}$, bandwidth DC - 10 MHz , output voltage $0 \ldots+10 \mathrm{~V}$ (@ $\geq 100 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ load) |
| Gain Accuracy | $\pm 1$ \% electrical |
| Max. Optical CW Balanced Power | 10 mW on each photodiode |
| Power Supply Voltage / Current | $\pm 15 \mathrm{~V}( \pm 14.5 \mathrm{~V} \ldots \pm 16.5 \mathrm{~V}),-90 /+120 \mathrm{~mA}$ typ. |
| Dimensions | $80 \times 80 \times 30,5 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{~L} \times \mathrm{B} \times \mathrm{H})$, weight FC-models $350 \mathrm{~g}(0.77 \mathrm{lbs})$, weight FS/FST-models 410 g ( 0.9 lbs ) |

The FST free space SI models with $\emptyset 0.8 \mathrm{~mm}$ photodetectors can easily be converted to a fiber connection (FC, FSMA) thanks to the large detector surface, by simply screwing on one optionally available fiber adapter of the PRA series. For models with smaller detector areas, such as $\emptyset 0.4$ / 0.3 mm , the use of a fiber adapter is only recommended to a limited extent, since coupling losses and instabilities can occur. If the focus is on high-precision fiber optic measurements, using HBPR FC-models with fixed optical fiber input will usually give the best results.

[^4]

■ Wavelength range from 320 to 1700 nm

- Ultra-wide bandwidth from 10 kHz up to 2 GHz
- Max. conversion gain $4.75 \times 10^{3} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{W}$
- Min. NEP $11 \mathrm{pW} / \mathrm{VHz}$


## APPLICATIONS

Spectroscopy | Fast pulse and transient measurements | Optical triggering | Optical front-end (0/E converter) for oscilloscopes and A/D converters

| Model | HSA-X-S-1G4-SI | HSPR-X-I-1G4-SI (inverting) | HSA-X-S-2G-IN | HSPR-X-I-2G-IN (inverting) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Photodiode | Si-PIN, $\emptyset 0.4 \mathrm{~mm}$ (FST, FS), integrated ball lens (FC) |  | InGaAs-PIN, $\emptyset 0.1 \mathrm{~mm}$ (FST, FS), integrated ball lens (FC) |  |
| Spectral Range | 320-1000 nm | 320-1000 nm | 900-1700 nm | 900-1700 nm |
| Bandwidth ( -3 dB ) | $10 \mathrm{kHz}-1.4 \mathrm{GHz}$ | $10 \mathrm{kHz}-1.4 \mathrm{GHz}$ | $10 \mathrm{kHz}-2 \mathrm{GHz}$ | $10 \mathrm{kHz}-2 \mathrm{GHz}$ |
| Rise/Fall Time (10\%-90\%) | 250 ps | 250 ps | 180 ps | 180 ps |
| Transimpedance Gain | $5 \times 10^{3} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A}$ | $5 \times 10^{3} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A}$ (inverting) | $5 \times 10^{3} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A}$ | $5 \times 10^{3} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A}$ (inverting) |
| Conversion Gain | $2.55 \times 10^{3} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{W}$ (@760 nm) | $2.55 \times 10^{3} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{W}$ (@ 760 nm ) | $4.75 \times 10^{3} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{W}$ (@ 1550 nm ) | $4.75 \times 10^{3}$ V/W (@ 1550 nm) |
| NEP (@100 MHz) | $32 \mathrm{pW} / \mathrm{JHz}$ (@ 760 nm ) | $19 \mathrm{pW} / \mathrm{JHz}$ (@ 760 nm ) | $16 \mathrm{pW} / \mathrm{/Hz}$ (@ 1550 nm ) | $11 \mathrm{pW} / \mathrm{/Hz}$ (@1550 nm) |
| Output VSWR | 2.5 : 1 | 1.4:1 | 2.5 : 1 | 1.4:1 |
| Max. Output Voltage @ $50 \Omega$ | $1.9 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{PP}}$ | $2.0 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {PP }}$ | $1.9 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {PP }}$ | $2.0 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {PP }}$ |
| Output Noise | 3.6 mV $\mathrm{V}_{\text {RSS }}$ | $2.5 \mathrm{mV}_{\text {RMS }}$ | 3.6 mV $\mathrm{V}_{\text {RMS }}$ | $2.5 \mathrm{mV}_{\text {Rms }}$ |
| Input Options | FST, FS, FC | FST, FS, FC | FST, FS, FC | FST, FS, FC |
| Power Requirements | +15 V, 130 mA typ. | +15 V, 150 mA typ. | +15 V, 130 mA typ. | +15 V, 150 mA typ. |
| Dimensions | $80 \times 42 \times 30 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{~L} \times \mathrm{W} \times \mathrm{H})$, weight 100 g (0.23 lbs) |  |  |  |

Output short-circuit protected. Threaded M4 and $8-32$ mounting holes for use with standard mounting posts. Power supply +15 V via $3-$ pin Lemo ${ }^{\circledR}$ socket. A mating connector is provided with the device Optional power supply PS-15 available. For further information please view the datasheet.

## HCA-S-400M Series 400 MHz Photoreceivers



■ Wavelength range from 320 to 1700 nm
■ Bandwidth DC to 400 MHz

- Rise time 1 ns
- Max. conversion gain $4.8 \times 10^{3} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{W}$


## APPLICATIONS

Spectroscopy | Fast pulse and transient measurements | Optical triggering | Test of digital fiber-optic systems | Optical front-end for oscilloscopes and A/D converters

| Model | HCA-S-400M-SI | HCA-S-400M-IN |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Photodiode | $0.8 \mathrm{~mm} \emptyset$ Si-PIN | InGaAs-PIN, $\emptyset 0.3 \mathrm{~mm}$ (FST, FS), integrated ball lens (FC) |
| Spectral Range | 320-1000 nm | 900-1700 nm |
| Bandwidth (-3 dB) | DC - 400 MHz | DC - 400 MHz |
| Rise/Fall Time (10\%-90\%) | 1 ns | 1 ns |
| Transimpedance Gain | $5 \times 10^{3} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A}$ | $5 \times 10^{3} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A}$ |
| Max. Conversion Gain | $2.7 \times 10^{3} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{W}$ <br> (@ 800 nm) | $\begin{aligned} & 4.8 \times 10^{3} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{W} \\ & (@ 1550 \mathrm{~nm}) \end{aligned}$ |
| NEP (@ 100 MHz ) | $40 \mathrm{pW} / \mathrm{JHz}$ <br> (@ 800 nm) | $24 \mathrm{pW} / \sqrt{\mathrm{Hz}}$ <br> (@ 1550 nm) |
| Output Noise | 3 mV RMS | 3 mV RMS |
| Input Options | FST, FS, FC, SMA | FST, FS, FC |
| Power Requirements | $\pm 15 \mathrm{~V}, \pm 55 \mathrm{~mA}$ typ. |  |
| Dimensions | $100 \times 51 \times 28 \mathrm{~mm}$, weight $210 \mathrm{~g}(0.5 \mathrm{lbs})$ |  |

[^5]PHOTORECEIVERS

## HCA-S-200M Series 200 MHz Photoreceivers



■ Wavelength range from 320 to 1700 nm
■ Bandwidth from DC to 200 MHz

- Max. conversion gain $1.9 \times 10^{4} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{W}$

■ Min. NEP 5.2 pW/VHz

## APPLICATIONS

Spectroscopy | Fast pulse and transient measurements | Optical triggering | Optical front-end for oscilloscopes, A/D converters and RF lock-in amplifiers

| Model | HCA-S-200M-SI | HCA-S-200M-IN |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Photodiode | $0.8 \mathrm{~mm} \emptyset$ Si-PIN | InGaAs-PIN, $\emptyset 0.3 \mathrm{~mm}$ (FST, FS), integrated ball lens (FC) |
| Spectral Range | 320-1000 nm | 900-1700 nm |
| Bandwidth (-3 dB) | DC - 200 MHz | DC - 200 MHz |
| Rise/Fall Time (10\% - 90 \%) | 1.8 ns | 1.8 ns |
| Transimpedance Gain | $2 \times 10^{4} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A}$ | $2 \times 10^{4} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A}$ |
| Max. Conversion Gain | $1.1 \times 10^{4} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{W}$ <br> (@ 800 nm) | $1.9 \times 10^{4}$ V/W <br> (@ 1550 nm) |
| NEP (@ 10 MHz ) | $\begin{aligned} & 9.4 \mathrm{pW} / / \mathrm{Hz} \\ & (@ 800 \mathrm{~nm}) \end{aligned}$ | $5.2 \mathrm{pW} / \sqrt{\mathrm{Hz}}$ <br> (@ 1550 nm ) |
| Output Noise | 3 mV RMS | 4.5 mV RMS |
| Input Options | FST, FS, FC, SMA | FST, FS, FC |
| Power Requirements | $\pm 15 \mathrm{~V}, \pm 50 \mathrm{~mA}$ typ. | $\pm 15 \mathrm{~V}, \pm 60 \mathrm{~mA}$ typ. |
| Dimensions | $105 \times 51 \times 28 \mathrm{~mm}$, weight 210 g ( 0.5 lbs ) |  |

Output voltage $\pm 1.2 \mathrm{~V}$ (@ $50 \Omega$ load) for linear amplification. Offset adjustable by potentiometer. Output short-circuit protected. The photoreceivers with free space input come with threaded M4 and 8-32 mounting holes for use with standard mounting posts. Power supply $\pm 15 \mathrm{~V}$ via 3 -pin Lemo ${ }^{\circledR}$ socket. A mating connector is provided with the device. Optional power supply PS-15 available. For further information please view the datasheet.

## LCA-S-400K Series 400 kHz Photoreceivers



■ Wavelength range from 400 to 1700 nm

- Bandwidth from DC to 400 kHz
- Max. conversion gain $10^{7} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{W}$

■ Min. NEP $75 \mathrm{fW} / \sqrt{ } \mathrm{Hz}$

## APPLICATIONS

Spectroscopy | General purposes opto-electronic measurements | Optical front-end for oscilloscopes,
A/D converters and lock-in amplifiers

| Model | LCA-S-400K-SI | LCA-S-400K-IN |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Photodiode | $3.0 \mathrm{~mm} \emptyset$ Si-PIN | $0.5 \mathrm{~mm} \emptyset$ InGaAs-PIN |
| Spectral Range | 400-1100 nm | 900-1700 nm |
| Bandwidth (-3 dB) | DC - 400 kHz | DC - 400 kHz |
| Rise/Fall Time (10\% - 90 \%) | $1 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | $1 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |
| Transimpedance Gain | $1 \times 10^{7} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A}$ | $1 \times 10^{7} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A}$ |
| Max. Conversion Gain | $5.9 \times 10^{6}$ V/W <br> (@ 920 nm) | $9.5 \times 10^{6} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{W}$ <br> (@ 1550 nm) |
| NEP (@ 10 kHz ) | $\begin{aligned} & 120 \mathrm{fW} / \mathrm{JHz} \\ & (@ 920 \mathrm{~nm}) \end{aligned}$ | $75 \mathrm{fW} / \sqrt{\mathrm{Hz}}$ <br> (@ 1550 nm ) |
| Output Noise | 1.6 mV ${ }_{\text {RMS }}$ | 2 mV RMS |
| Input Options | FST, FS | FST, FS |
| Power Requirements | $\pm 15 \mathrm{~V}, \pm 40 \mathrm{~mA}$ typ. |  |
| Dimensions | $100 \times 51 \times 28 \mathrm{~mm}$, weight 210 g (0.5 lbs) |  |

Output voltage $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ max (@ $100 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ load). Offset adjustable by trimpot. Units with fiber optic input are optionally available. Output short-circuit protected. Threaded M4 and 8-32 mounting holes for use with standard mounting posts. Power supply $\pm 15 \mathrm{~V}$ via 3 -pin Lemo ${ }^{\otimes}$ socket. A mating connector is provided with the device. Optional power supply PS-15 available. For further information please view the datasheet.

## Mounting options

- The series HSPR-X/HSA-X-S, HCA-S, LCA-S, FWPR and PWPR feature both UNC 8-32 and M4 tapped holes for mounting on metric and imperial threaded standard posts.
■ Optional post adapter plate PRA-PAP adds additional UNC 8-32 and M4 tapped holes to the series 0E, HCA-S, LCA-S, FWPR and PWPR.


## FWPR-20 Series Femtowatt Photoreceivers



## APPLICATIONS

Fluorescence measurements | Spectroscopy | Electrophoresis | Chromatography | Replacement for photomultiplier tubes (PMTs), avalanche photodiodes (APDs) and liquid nitrogen cooled germanium photodiodes

■ Ultra-low-noise: NEP $0.7 \mathrm{fW} / \mathrm{VHz}$
■ Wavelength range from 320 nm to 1700 nm

- Bandwidth DC to 20 Hz
- Transimpedance amplifier with high gain up to $10^{12} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A}$ included

| Model | FWPR-20-SI | FWPR-20-IN |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Photodiode | $1.1 \times 1.1 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \mathrm{Si}$ | $0.5 \mathrm{~mm} \emptyset$ InGaAs-PIN |
| Spectral Range | 320-1100 nm | 900-1700 nm |
| Bandwidth (-3 dB) | DC - 20 Hz | DC - 20 Hz |
| Rise/Fall Time (10\%-90\%) | 18 ms | 18 ms |
| Transimpedance Gain | $1 \times 10^{12} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A}$ | $1 \times 10^{11} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A}$ |
| Max. Conversion Gain | $0.6 \times 10^{12}$ V/W <br> (@ 960 nm) | $0.95 \times 10^{11} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{W}$ <br> (@ 1550 nm) |
| NEP (@ 1 Hz) | $\begin{aligned} & 0.7 \mathrm{fW} / \mathrm{JHz} \\ & (@ 960 \mathrm{~nm}) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7.5 \mathrm{fW} / / \mathrm{Hz} \\ & (@ 1550 \mathrm{~nm}) \end{aligned}$ |
| Output Noise | 6 mV RMS | 3 mV RMS |
| Input Options | FST, FS | FST, FS |
| Power Requirements | $\pm 15 \mathrm{~V}, \pm 15 \mathrm{~mA}$ typ. |  |
| Dimensions | $100 \times 51 \times 28 \mathrm{~mm}$, weight 190 g ( 0.42 lbs ) |  |

Output voltage $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V} \max$ (@100 k $\Omega$ load). Offset adjustable by potentiometer. Units with fiber optic input are optionally available. Output short-circuit protected. Threaded M4 and 8-32 mounting holes for use with standard mounting posts. Power supply $\pm 15 \mathrm{~V}$ via 3 -pin Lemo ${ }^{\circledR}$ socket. A mating connector is provided with the device. Optional power supply PS-15 available. For further information please view the datasheet.


## APPLICATIONS

Spectroscopy, reflection and transmission measurements |
Time-resolved optical pulse and power measurements | Characterization of light sources | Highly sensitive applications using chopper modulation | Optical front-end for oscilloscopes, A/D converters and lock-in amplifiers

■ Ultra-low-noise: NEP $\leq 10 \mathrm{fW} / \mathrm{VHz}$

- Wavelength range from 320 to 1700 nm
- Bandwidth DC to 2 kHz
- Transimpedance gain switchable $10^{9} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A}, 10^{10} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A}$

| Model | PWPR-2K-SI | PWPR-2K-IN |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Photodiode | $1.2 \mathrm{~mm} \emptyset$ Si-PIN | 0.5 mm Ø InGaAs-PIN |
| Spectral Range | 320-1060 nm | 900-1700 nm |
| Bandwidth ( -3 dB ) | DC-2 kHz | DC-2 kHz |
| Rise/Fall Time ( $10 \%$ - $90 \%$ ) | 165 цs | 165 нs |
| Transimpedance Gain (switchable) | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \times 10^{9} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A} \\ & 1 \times 10^{10} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \times 10^{9} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A} \\ & 1 \times 10^{10} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A} \end{aligned}$ |
| Max. Conversion Gain | $0.64 \times 10^{9} \mathrm{VM}$ (@ 900 nm , gain $10^{9} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A}$ ) $0.64 \times 10^{10} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{W}$ (@ 900 nm , gain $10^{10} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A}$ ) | $1.1 \times 10^{9} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{W}$ <br> (@ 1580 nm , gain $10^{9} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A}$ ) <br> $1.1 \times 10^{10} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{W}$ <br> (@ 1580 nm , gain $10^{10} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A}$ ) |
| NEP (@ 100 Hz ) | $9 \mathrm{fW} / \mathrm{JHz}$ <br> (@ 900 nm ) | $10 \mathrm{fW} / \mathrm{Hz}$ <br> (@1580 nm) |
| Output Noise | $0.45 \mathrm{mV} \mathrm{Vms}^{\text {@ }} 10^{9} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A}$ | $0.75 \mathrm{mV} V_{\text {pus }} @ 10^{9} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A}$ |
| Input Options | FST, FS | FST, FS |
| Power Requirements | $\pm 15 \mathrm{~V},+32 \mathrm{~mA} /-25 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  |
| Dimensions | $100 \times 51 \times 33 \mathrm{~mm}, 220 \mathrm{~g}(0.49 \mathrm{lbs})$ |  |

Output voltage $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ max (@ $100 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ load). Offset adjustable by potentiometer. Output short-circuit protected. Power supply $\pm 15 \mathrm{~V}$ via 3 -pin Lemo ${ }^{\oplus}$ socket. A mating connector is provided with the device. Optional power supply PS-15 available. For further information please view the datasheet.

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## LOCK-IN AMPLIFIERS

## Easy-to-Use High-Performance Lock-In Amplifiers For Cost-Sensitive Applications



CURRENT AMPLIFIERS

VOLTAGE AMPLIFIERS

GHZ-WIDEBAND
AMPLIFIERS

PHOTORECEIVERS

LOCK-IN AMPLIFIERS

ACCESSORIES

## LIA-MV-150 Series Lock-In Amplifier Modules



- Current and voltage input
- Working frequency up to 45 kHz
- Adjustable sensitivity, time constant and phase
- Local and remote control
- Compact and EMI-shielded case


Power supply via 3-pin Lemo ${ }^{\circledR}$ socket. A mating connector is provided with the device. Optional power supply PS-15 available. For further information please view the datasheet.

APPLICATIONS
Spectroscopy | Laser stabilization | Luminescence, fluorescence, phosphorescence measurements | Light scattering measurements | Opto-electronical quality control | Integration in industrial and scientific measurement systems | OEM systems



| Model | LIA-MV-200-L <br> Single Phase | LIA-MV-200-H <br> Single Phase | LIA-MVD-200-L <br> Dual Phase | LIA-MVD-200-H <br> Dual Phase |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Working Frequency | $5 \mathrm{~Hz}-10 \mathrm{kHz}$ | $50 \mathrm{~Hz}-120 \mathrm{kHz}$ | $5 \mathrm{~Hz}-10 \mathrm{kHz}$ | $50 \mathrm{~Hz}-120 \mathrm{kHz}$ |
| Time Constants | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \mathrm{~ms}-10 \mathrm{~s} \\ & 6 \text { or } 12 \mathrm{~dB} / \text { oct. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 300 \mu \mathrm{~s}-1 \mathrm{~s} \\ & 6 \text { or } 12 \mathrm{~dB} / \mathrm{oct} . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \mathrm{~ms}-10 \mathrm{~s} \\ & 6 \text { or } 12 \mathrm{~dB} / \mathrm{oct} . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 300 \mu \mathrm{~s}-1 \mathrm{~s} \\ & 6 \text { or } 12 \mathrm{~dB} / \mathrm{cct} \text {. } \end{aligned}$ |
| Adjustable Signal Filter (6 dB/oct.) | Highpass $0.2 \mathrm{~Hz}-1 \mathrm{kHz}$ Lowpass $100 \mathrm{~Hz}-1 \mathrm{MHz}$ | Highpass $2 \mathrm{~Hz}-10 \mathrm{kHz}$ <br> Lowpass $100 \mathrm{~Hz}-1 \mathrm{MHz}$ | Highpass $0.2 \mathrm{~Hz}-1 \mathrm{kHz}$ Lowpass $100 \mathrm{~Hz}-1 \mathrm{MHz}$ | Highpass $2 \mathrm{~Hz}-10 \mathrm{kHz}$ Lowpass $100 \mathrm{~Hz}-1 \mathrm{MHz}$ |
| Outputs (BNC) | $\begin{aligned} & X=\text { in phase, } \\ & \pm 10 \mathrm{~V} \text { full scale, short-circuit protected, } \\ & \text { Signal monitor output } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & X=\text { in phase, } \\ & Y=\text { quadrature, } \\ & R=\text { magnitude, } \\ & \pm 10 \text { V full scale, short-circuit protected, } \\ & \text { Signal monitor output } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Sensitivity (Full Scale) | Voltage: $3 \mu \mathrm{~V}-1 \mathrm{~V}$ in 1-3-10 steps Current: $30 \mathrm{pA}-10 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ in 1-3-10 steps |  |  |  |
| Voltage Input (BNC) | Instrumentation amplifier, noise $12 \mathrm{nV} / \mathrm{/} / \mathrm{Hz}$ |  |  |  |
| Current Input (BNC) | Transimpedance amplifier, gain $100 \mathrm{kV} / \mathrm{A}$, noise $0.4 \mathrm{pA} / \mathrm{/Hz}$ |  |  |  |
| Reference Input (BNC) | $\pm 100 \mathrm{mV}$ to $\pm 5 \mathrm{~V}$, switchable to TTL |  |  |  |
| Phase | Adjustable $0^{\circ}-360^{\circ}$; resolution: 8-bit @ f $\leq 60 \mathrm{kHz}, 7$-bit @ f $>60 \mathrm{kHz}$ Temperature drift $<0.01^{\circ} / \mathrm{K}$ |  |  |  |
| Max. Dyn. Reserve | 80 dB |  |  |  |
| Digital Control | 16 TL/CMOS inputs: 8-bit phase, 4-bit time constant, 4-bit sensitivity |  |  |  |
| Power Supply | $\pm 15 \mathrm{~V},+120 \mathrm{~mA} /-60 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  |  |  |
| Dimensions | $223 \times 105 \times 65 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{~L} \times \mathrm{W} \times \mathrm{H})$, weight $1,000 \mathrm{~g}$ (2.2 lbs) |  |  |  |

The optional Reference Oscillator SOM-1 can be connected by an extension connector inside the module. Power supply via 3-pin Lemo ${ }^{\otimes}$ socket. A mating connector is provided with the device. Optional power supply PS-15 available. For further information please view the datasheet.

## APPLICATIONS

Spectroscopy | Luminescence, fluorescence, phosphorescence measurements | Light scattering measurements | Laser stabilization | Opto-electronical quality control | Integration into industrial and scientific measurement-systems | Alternative to expensive desktop lock-in amplifiers for general lab use

- Single and dual phase
- Rugged aluminum housing
- BNC connectors for input and output signals
■ Working frequency 5 Hz up to 120 kHz
- Phase shifter $0^{\circ}-360^{\circ}$
- Current and voltage input
- Optional reference oscillator module SOM-1 available


## LIA-BV(D)-150 Series Single-Board Lock-In Amplifiers



- Single and dual phase 19" boards

■ Working frequency 5 Hz up to 120 kHz

- Phase shifter $0^{\circ}-360^{\circ}$

■ Current and voltage input

- Parameter control by local switches and opto-isolated digital inputs
- Mounting kit MK-LIA-2 and reference oscillator module SOM-1 available

| Model | LIA-BV-150-L <br> Single Phase | LIA-BV-150-H <br> Single Phase | LIA-BVD-150-L Dual Phase | LIA-BVD-150-H Dual Phase |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Working Frequency | $5 \mathrm{~Hz}-10 \mathrm{kHz}$ | 50 Hz - 120 kHz | $5 \mathrm{~Hz}-10 \mathrm{kHz}$ | $50 \mathrm{~Hz}-120 \mathrm{kHz}$ |
| Time Constants | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \mathrm{~ms}-10 \mathrm{~s} \\ & 6 \text { or } 12 \mathrm{~dB} / \mathrm{oct} . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 300 \mu \mathrm{~s}-1 \mathrm{~s} \\ & 6 \text { or } 12 \mathrm{~dB} / \mathrm{oct} . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \mathrm{~ms}-10 \mathrm{~s} \\ & 6 \text { or } 12 \mathrm{~dB} / \mathrm{oct} . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 300 \mu \mathrm{~s}-1 \mathrm{~s} \\ & 6 \text { or } 12 \mathrm{~dB} / \mathrm{cct} . \end{aligned}$ |
| Signal Filter | Highpass $0.2 \mathrm{~Hz}-1 \mathrm{kHz}$ Lowpass $100 \mathrm{~Hz}-1 \mathrm{MHz}$ | Highpass $2 \mathrm{~Hz}-10 \mathrm{kHz}$ lowpass 100 Hz - 1 MHz | Highpass $0.2 \mathrm{~Hz}-1 \mathrm{kHz}$ Lowpass $100 \mathrm{~Hz}-1 \mathrm{MHz}$ | Highpass $2 \mathrm{~Hz}-10 \mathrm{kHz}$ lowpass $100 \mathrm{~Hz}-1 \mathrm{MHz}$ |
| Outputs | $\begin{aligned} & X=\text { in phase, } \\ & \pm 10 \mathrm{~V} \text { full scale, short-circuit protected, } \\ & \text { Signal monitor output } \end{aligned}$ |  | $X=$ in phase, <br> $Y=$ quadrature, <br> $R=$ magnitude <br> $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ full scale, short-cir <br> Signal monitor output | otected, |
| Sensitivity (Full Scale) | Voltage: $3 \mu \mathrm{~V}-1 \mathrm{~V}$ in 1-3-10 steps Current: $30 \mathrm{pA}-10 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ in 1-3-10 steps |  |  |  |
| Voltage Input | True-differential instrumentation amplifier, noise $12 \mathrm{nV} / / \mathrm{Hzz}$ |  |  |  |
| Current Input | Transimpedance amplifier, gain $100 \mathrm{kV} / \mathrm{A}$, noise $0.4 \mathrm{pA} / \mathrm{l} \mathrm{Hz}$ |  |  |  |
| Reference Input | $\pm 100 \mathrm{mV}$ to $\pm 5 \mathrm{~V}$, switchable to TTL |  |  |  |
| Phase | Adjustable $0^{\circ}-360^{\circ}$; resolution: 8-bit @ f $\leq 60 \mathrm{kHz}, 7$-bit @ f $>60 \mathrm{kHz}$ Temperature drift $<0.01^{\circ} / \mathrm{K}$ |  |  |  |
| Max. Dyn. Reserve | 80 dB |  |  |  |
| Digital Control | 16 TL/CMOS inputs: 8 -bit phase, 4-bit time constant, 4-bit sensitivity |  |  |  |
| Power Supply | $\pm 15 \mathrm{~V},+120 \mathrm{~mA} /-60 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  |  |  |
| Dimensions | $160 \times 100 \times 20 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{~L} \times \mathrm{W} \times \mathrm{H})$, weight $100 \mathrm{~g}(0.22 \mathrm{lbs})$ |  |  |  |

## APPLICATIONS

Spectroscopy | Luminescence, fluorescence, phosphorescence measurements | Light scattering measurements | Opto-electronical quality control | Integration in industrial and scientific measurement-systems | Multichannel systems at an attractive price

## ACCESSORIES



CURRENT AMPLIFIERS

VOLTAGE AMPLIFIERS

GHZ-WIDEBAND
AMPLIFIERS

PHOTORECEIVERS
LOCK-IN AMPLIFIERS

ACCESSORIES

ACCESSORIES

## LUCI-10 USB Control Interface



## PS-15-25-L Remote Power Supply

■ Input voltage 100-240 VAC

- Output $\pm 15 \mathrm{~V},+500 /-400 \mathrm{~mA}$
- Shielded output cord with Lemo ${ }^{\circledR}$ plug
- Floating design to avoid ground loops

■ Short-circuit protected

- Ripple typ. $15 \mathrm{mV}_{\text {RMS }}$
- Suitable for all FEMTO modules
- Available as European, Australian and US version


ACCESSORIES

## Accessories For Photoreceivers

All FEMTO photoreceivers offered with FS input (round flange with 25 mm diameter) are now also available with 1.035 "-40 threaded flange (FST) input - for even more flexibility on the optical bench! For example converting the free-space FST input to an optical fiber input is easily done by screwing on one of the optionally available FEMTO fiber-adapters PRA-FC and PRA-FSMA.

The post adapter plate PRA-PAP expands the optical breadboard mounting options for FEMTO photoreceivers. Even for photoreceivers that are already equipped with post mounting threads the post adapter plate enlarges the mounting position options. Due to the integrated M4 and 8-32 UNC tapped holes, standard posts for breadboard systems can be easily mounted to the photoreceiver via the adapter plate.

The picture shows the PWPR-2K-SI-FST being easily turned into a fiber coupled model.


## PRA-FC / PRA-FSMA Fiber-Adapters And Mounting Tool



- Compatible with all FEMTO photoreceivers with threaded 1.035 "-40 free space input (FST)
- Easy mounting option for standard optical fibers
- Recommended for photosensitive areas of 0.4 mm diameter or more (coupling efficiency may be compromised for photodiodes with smaller diameter)
- Machined from solid stainless steel

■ Available adapter types: PRA-FC (FC/PC, FC/APC, FC/UPC) and PRA-FSMA

- Aditionally available: spanner wrench AT-W1 for convenient mounting of the adapters


## PRA-PAP Post Adapter Plate



■ Compatible with FEMTO photoreceiver series FWPR, PWPR, OE, LCA-S and HCA-S

- M4 and 8-32 UNC threads suitable for standard optical mounting posts
- High-tensile material
- Mounting screws included

ACCESSORIES

## CAB-LN1 Series Low Noise Cables



- Minimizes triboelectric and microphonic noise
- Designed for ultra sensitive current and charge measurements
- Noise level reduction by a factor of 1,000
- Highly shielding coaxial design
- Fully assembled with premium quality connectors
■ Ultra high insulation resistance $>10^{14} \Omega$ - guaranteed
- Variety of lengths available:
from 10 cm to 5 m

APPLICATIONS
Measurements of low currents down to femtoamperes | Photodetectors and ionization detectors | High resistance measurements | Scanning probe microscopy (STM, SPM, STS) | Spectroscopy | Piezo- and pyroelectric transducers

| Length | Plug BNC - BNC |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{0 . 1} \mathbf{~ m}$ | CAB-LN1-BB-010 |
| $\mathbf{0 . 2} \mathbf{~ m}$ | CAB-LN1-BB-020 |
| $\mathbf{0 . 5} \mathbf{~ m}$ | CAB-LN1-BB-050 |
| $\mathbf{1 . 0} \mathbf{~ m}$ | CAB-LN1-BB-100 |
| $\mathbf{1 . 5} \mathbf{~ m}$ | CAB-LN1-BB-150 |
| $\mathbf{2 . 0} \mathbf{~ m}$ | CAB-LN1-BB-200 |
| $\mathbf{3 . 0} \mathbf{~ m}$ | CAB-LN1-BB-300 |
| $\mathbf{5 . 0} \mathbf{~ m}$ | CAB-LN1-BB-500 |

## Lemo ${ }^{\circledR}$ Connectors



- High quality connector
- 3-pin and 4-pin versions available
- For use with shielded cables
- Suitable for all FEMTO modules


[^0]:    Offset adjustable by trimpot or external control voltage. Power supply via 3-pin Lemo ${ }^{\circledR}$ socket. A mating connector is provided with the device. Optional power supply PS-15 available. For further information please view the datasheet.

[^1]:    *The logarithm of a negative number is not defined as real number. Therefore the negative part of an input signal is rectifyed prior to applying the logarithmic amplification.

[^2]:    * Since illumination conditions with the permanently mounted fiber optic connector are well defined, the FC models are delivered with a factory calibrated conversion gain. The electro optical conversion gain factors of the FST and FS free space models are set to fit nominally at the calibration wavelength.
    ** @ calibration wavelength
    Offset adjustable by trimpot or external control voltage. LED overload indication. Output short-circuit protected. Power supply via 3-pin Lemo ${ }^{\boxplus}$ socket. A mating connector is provided with the device Optional power supply PS-15 available. For further information please view the datasheet.

[^3]:    Please note! FEMTO® offers fiber connectors (e.g. PRA_FC and PRA-FSMA) which allow connecting the most common types of optical fibers to photoreceivers with FST-input without considerable optical losses. Adapters for optical cables with FC connectors (FC/PC, FC/APC, FC/UPC) and FSMA connectors are available. These are recommended for photosensitive areas of 0.4 mm diameter or more (coupling efficiency may be compromised for photodiodes with smaller diameter).

[^4]:    Offset adjustable by potentiometer. Equipped with UNC 8-32 and M4 threaded holes for integration into optical systems on standard holders. Output short-circuit protected. Power supply via 3-pin Lemo ${ }^{\circledR}$ socket. A mating connector is provided with the device. Optional power supply PS-15 available. For further information please view the datasheet or contact FEMTO.

[^5]:    Output voltage $\pm 1.0 \mathrm{~V}$ (@ $50 \Omega$ load) for linear amplification. Offset adjustable by potentiometer. Output short-circuit protected. Photoreceivers with free space input come with threaded M4 and 8-32 mounting holes for use with standard mounting posts. Power supply $\pm 15 \mathrm{~V}$ via 3 -pin Lemo ${ }^{\circledR}$ socket. A mating connector is provided with the device. Optional power supply PS-15 available. For further information please view the datasheet

